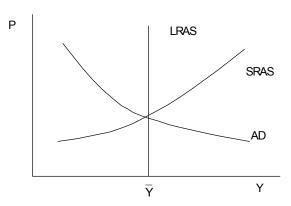
## **Review Notes – Economic Fluctuations**

- Economic fluctuations over time
  - Why is there so much change in the economy (e.g., real GDP growth) over time?
  - Build a model that explains the differences between short and long run in the macro economy.
    - Long run = flexible prices leading to full employment
    - Short run = sticky prices leading to unemployment or over-employment
    - What is Aggregate Demand?
      - Shows the relationship between the total demand for all goods/services produced in the economy (Y) and aggregate prices (P).
    - What is Aggregate Supply?
      - Shows the relationship between total supply of all goods/services produced in the economy (Y) and aggregate prices (P).
- Aggregate Demand
  - Quantity exchange equation determines AD
    - $MV = PY \Rightarrow Y = (M/P)V \Rightarrow \text{when } P \uparrow \text{ then } Y \downarrow \text{- why?}$ 
      - When P  $\downarrow$  then less \$ needed for transactions and D for loanable funds  $\downarrow$  => r  $\downarrow$  => I  $\uparrow$  (and C  $\uparrow$ ) => AD  $\uparrow$
      - o Also wealth effect and foreign sector substitution effect
    - What causes AD to shift? Changes in:
      - $\circ$  C
      - $\circ$  I
      - $\circ$  G
      - o NX
      - o Money
      - Know how each one works
- Aggregate Supply
  - What does AS look like?
    - In the long-run
      - o  $Y = f(\overline{L}, \overline{K}) = \overline{Y}$  so LRAS is vertical at full employment output  $(\overline{Y})$ .
      - AS determines Y while AD determines P.
    - In the short-run



- o Depends on whether prices are totally inflexible or just partially inflexible.
  - If totally inflexible then SRAS is perfectly elastic (why?).
  - If partially inflexible then SRAS is upward sloping (why?).
- What causes shifts in aggregate supply?
  - Resource costs
  - Technology
  - Labor/leisure choices
  - Etc.
- Shocks to the economy
  - Adverse demand shock
    - AD  $\downarrow$  or  $\uparrow$  => what happens in the short-run and in the long-run (i.e., inflation or unemployment or both)?
    - What is an appropriate fiscal policy?
    - What is an appropriate monetary policy?
  - Adverse supply shock
    - SRAS  $\downarrow$  or  $\uparrow$  => what happens in the short-run and in the long-run (i.e., inflation or unemployment or both)?
    - What is an appropriate fiscal policy?
    - What is an appropriate monetary policy?